

# The Carroll Free Press.

R. CHOSIER, Editor.

Carrollton, Friday, Oct. 8 1852.



For President,  
**WINFIELD SCOTT,**  
Of New Jersey.

For Vice President,  
**WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,**  
Of North Carolina.

For Supreme Judge,  
**D. A. HAYNES.**  
For Member of the Board of Public Works,  
**DAVID H. BEARDSLEY.**

For Congress,  
**A. L. BREWER.**

Senatorial Electors:  
**EDWARD D. MANSFIELD,**  
**WM. DENNISON, JR.**

District Electors:

- 1st District—Charles Anderson,  
2d " James Saffin,  
3d " Thomas J. Larsh,  
4th " John W. DeFreese,  
5th " Daniel Segur,  
6th " Hanson L. Penn,  
7th " John Milton Williams,  
8th " Wm. Lawrence,  
9th " Sardin Bichard,  
10th " John I. Vanmeter,  
11th " Wm. E. Fick,  
12th " James R. Sunbery,  
13th " John Sherman,  
14th " Smith Orr,  
15th " A. Banning Norton,  
16th " Alex. Lewis,  
17th " Robert B. Moore,  
18th " Van R. Humphrey,  
19th " Wm. L. Perkins,  
20th " Silas C. Clark,  
21st " John A. Bingham.

## County Whig Ticket.

For Recorder,  
**WM. MCCOY.**  
For Commissioner,  
**FREDERICK FISHEL.**  
Director of County Infirmary,  
**LOUIS SMELTZ.**  
For Coroner,  
**JOHN W. YOUNG.**  
Land Appraisers,  
**THOMAS EAKIN,**  
**AMOS CARR,**  
**JAMES MCCULLY,**  
**JOSEPH FIGLEY.**

## The Meeting.

We need not say anything about the meeting, on last Friday—almost everybody was present to see for themselves.

The number present is variously estimated. Some say 1,500, others 2000. We do not pretend to say how many there were, but we are very sure there was a larger crowd than there has been in town since 1840.

The best of feeling prevailed and, if we are not mistaken, its effects will be sensibly felt at the elections.

Messrs. Bingham and Brewer made excellent speeches. The locofocos may have been seen in the out skirts, biting their lips and knitting their brows, as peal after peal of Scott thunder broke upon them. It was a sorry day for them. They have been thinking since of giving it up and not going to the election. They had as well, all their efforts are lost powder, they will be belied just as sure as the sun rises to-morrow. Mark that.

Oh! We hope every voter in the county will read the speech, on the outside of this week's paper. It contains the exposition of many satisfactory reasons why Gen. Scott should be elected. Let the locofocos howl and whine, as much as they please, in the wake of the Old Chief; they cannot gainsay, with any hope of success, the statements made in this speech.

## To Township Trustees.

The legislature of last winter made some important changes in the election law, to which the Township Trustees should carefully look, before entering upon their duties, on the second Tuesday of October.

The new tax law provides for the election of four District Assessors, to appraise the real estate of the county. In pursuance of the law, the county has been divided into four districts, as follows:

- 1st District, Brown, Rose and Harrison.  
2nd Dist. Orange, Monroe, Perry and Union.  
3rd Dis. Lee, Loudon and Centre.  
4th Dis. Augusta, Fox, East and Washington.

Each district elects its own appraiser.

The law further provides, that the judges of elections shall keep a separate poll book, of the electors of District Assessors, and make return thereof to the Auditor. It does not, in terms, require a separate ballot box, or a separate ballot, but if assessors were voted for on the same ballot with other officers, the judges could not tell who were voting for assessors, and could not keep a separate book.

It would, doubtless, be the proper way, to have a separate ballot box, and a separate ballot for District Assessors.

The new law requires the polls to be opened between six and ten o'clock A. M., and kept open until 6 P. M.

The laws and journals not yet having arrived in this county, the law may be found in the "Free Press," for about the first of May.

## Candidates.

We think the ticket presented to the whigs of Carroll county for their support, is composed of the names of as good men as can be found, for the offices for which they are designated.

Anson L. Brewer, the candidate for Congress, is a very reliable, trustworthy and honorable man; who, if elected will make as good a representative as could be desired. He has talents which qualify him for that post, while his opponent is a man without any qualification to fit him for so honorable and responsible a position as that of Representative in Congress. He might do very well to go to Columbus, and spend the winter with the herd of political tricksters that will assemble there, but for the sake of self respect, and national pride, don't send him to Washington, where he may be seen by foreigners who visit the national capital. He would be a disgrace to the intelligent voters of the 21st district of Ohio.

Mr. McCoy, the candidate for Recorder, has filled that office and discharged its duties, for one term, to the satisfaction of all, Whigs, locofocos and free-soilers. He is a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity, is always on hand, a poor man, with a family; while his opponent is a young and healthy youth, unincumbered by a family, and, what, one of the most bitter of partisans.

We have nothing to say against Daniel Fishel, the locofoco candidate for Commissioner. He is a decent man, but a most violent locofoco. He would, doubtless, be disposed to discharge the duties of the office in a faithful manner, were it not that the leaders of the party about town would resort to every means to corrupt him. They would shake their iron rod over him, and threaten to expunge him from the party, if he refused to do their bidding. His brother is a good man; and, if elected, will discharge his duties honestly and faithfully, and not be liable to intimidations from party managers.

The candidates for Coroner and Director of the Infirmary are good men, and no one who knows them will doubt their superiority over their opponents.

The candidates for Assessors are known in the districts for which they are selected, and land-holders are well aware that no better men for the office can be found.

Let every whig voter in the county be at the polls, and after you get there don't forget to vote the whole ticket.

## Taxes.

Much has been said and written about taxes, and there have been many speculations as to their increase or decrease under the operations of the new tax law. Our first impressions of that law have been found to be correct, to-wit: That it was a most rascally unfair law. It is true that the levy is one tenth of a mill, or thereabouts, less this year than it was last, yet the fact that about the same amount of taxes are to be collected this year that were paid last year, while the tax payers number but about two thirds of what they did last year, is conclusive evidence to our mind, that the law operates most unjustly and unfairly. The burden is not distributed in equal proportions among the people. One third are entirely exempted.

A week ago we asked the tax payers to go to the auditor's office and examine the duplicate, to see if their taxes were greater or less than last year; and we again repeat the request. For if you go, you will at once be convinced that this story locofocos have been telling about lower taxes is a base lie.

We took the pains to look at a few of the entries on the duplicate, and we find that the taxes on personal property compare as follows:

	1851	1852
James Shepherd,	\$4.74	\$8.25
Robert Smith,	6.00	10.87
Jacob George,	19.02	29.47
Isaac Atkinson,	33.00	43.24
W. R. Lloyd,	14.44	22.79
Geo. Moore,	3.13	7.25

Now if you were to ask any one of these individuals, they would tell they had but very little, if any more property this than they had last, yet their taxes, in some instances are more than doubled.

Still locofocos will insist that the law is a good one! Now we do not believe it is a fair law, and locofocos do not believe it is. They were afraid to let the people see the books. The Treasurer put off his visit to the townships until after the election, and for no other purpose, than to conceal this matter from the voters.

## What a few votes will do!

Friends of Haynes and Beardsley!—friends of Scott and Graham!—just one word for you to heed. Ohio has nearly 15,000 school districts, and there has been no election in the State since 1844 at which not less than two Whigs in a district—30,000 in the State!—did not absent themselves from the polls.

Now then, let every Whig who reads this paragraph tell this fact to his Whig neighbor, and make a special committee man of him, and also consider himself a special committee to see to it that this year not one Whig in his district fails to deposit his vote on the 12th of October and again on the 2d of November.

Do this throughout the State, and the Whig triumph at both elections will be complete. Ohio will then certainly give Winfield Scott her 23 electoral votes, and place his election to the Presidency beyond question.—*Clen. Her.*

Beware of SPURIOUS TICKETS.—Plenty of them will be in circulation. Remember that nothing is too mean for locofocos to do, if thereby they can obtain a vote.

Read your tickets THROUGH carefully, and see that no name is there which should not be. Again we say, BEWARE!

## The Fair.

Comes off in Carrollton, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20th days of the present month. Arrangements will be made to make it the best we have ever had. Remember the 19th and 20th, are the days.

## Our State Election.

The 12th of October, next Tuesday, is the day on which our State election is to be held. There is to be one Supreme Judge, one member of the Board of Public Works, member of Congress, and county officers are to be elected. The Presidential election has occupied so much of the public attention as to force State matters into the background. The legislation of the Democratic party last winter was of a character which met with no approbation in this part of the State. We recollect the unanimous voice of our people was raised against the course of the majority of the last legislature, with their new tax law, their covert attempts to destroy the Banks of the State, the plundering of the State treasury in defiance of all law, to keep Sam Medary from bankruptcy, their reckless and extravagant waste of the people's money, to feed hungry partisans, and the great increase of our State expenses. These things are still fresh in the minds of the people, and although not called upon this fall to purge the law making power, yet as this same body of men are soon to meet again, they should understand that the people are not with them—it may stay the work of these profligate politicians, who have shown themselves such skillful architects of ruin; at least it will prove the hand writing upon the wall, the foreshadowing the result of another fall.

## To The Polls.

Let every whig vote in the county, including the halt and the lame, beat the Polls. An important election is at hand. Your Treasury has been PLUNDERED; the taxes of many of you have been DOUBLED; to support, in idleness, a most infamous and corrupt gang of locofoco-officers; the expenses of the government have been greatly increased, innumerable new offices have been created, to afford places for political demagogues, and in short, all kinds of corruption, and political fraud, that could be originated by the brain of the most corrupt and time-serving scoundrel, have been the ruling principles of the party in power, in the State of Ohio.

If a locofoco Commissioner be elected; you may look out for an additional county tax with which to build a new Court House for the Probate Judge. It would have been built before this time, if a majority of the Commissioners had been locofocos.

Be sure and be at the polls, every one of you; and see that every whig vote in the county, is in good time. A strong pull and a pull altogether, is all that is needed, and victory is ours.

## Whig Mass Meeting!

There will be a gathering of the people at Minerva, on the 16th inst. Gen. Eckley, Col. Brewer, Dr. Dellenbaugh, and others will talk to the multitude.

Turn out with your banners, and make a demonstration that will tell at the ballot box on the 23d of November.

The poor, mean, pitiful coward, who stands behind the editor of the Picayune, and throws dirt over him at us, is welcome to whatever gratification such a dastardly course may afford him. No man, prompted by the impulses of a gentleman, would be guilty of such meanness—none but the craven hearted could do such scurvy tricks.

## Nomination of Coroner.

The nomination for Coroner for this county, having been overlooked by the late Whig County Convention, and it being now impracticable to nominate by Convention; the Whig Central Committee, (after some consultation with the Whigs of the county,) take leave to nominate and recommend as a suitable person to discharge the duties of the office referred to, Mr. JOHN W. YOUNG, of Centre Tp.

J. PEARCE, Ch'n of

Whig Central Committee.

Carrollton, Oct. 2nd, '52.

## School Teachers.

Will take notice that there will be a special meeting of the Board of Examiners, at the school house on Canal street, in Carrollton, at 11 o'clock A. M., on Saturday, October 12th, inst., for the purpose of affording an opportunity to those desiring an examination.

By order of the Board,

A. SWANEY, Pres't.

## Gen. Pierce against the Right of Petition.

From 1835 to 1839, large numbers of petitions were sent to Congress by citizens of the Free States, for the abolition of Slavery and the Slave trade.

Gen. Pierce in the House of Representatives, Feb. 2, 1835, Voted to lay such petitions on the table.

Dec. 16, 1835, Voted do.

Dec. 21, 1835, Voted do.

Dec. 23, 1835, Voted for Paton's Gag.

Feb. 8, 1836, Voted for Pickney's Gag Committee.

May 18, 1836, Voted for Pickney's Gag.

Dec. 5, 1836, Voted to lay petitions on the table.

January 9, 1837, Voted do.

" 18, " Voted for Howe's Gag.

Gen. Pierce in the United States Senate, Dec. 19, 1837, Voted for Calhoun's resolution to suppress free discussion.

Jan. 9, 1838, Voted against printing resolutions of Vermont Legislature, against Texas annexation and Slavery in the District of Columbia.

Feb. 6, 1838, Voted against allowing Senator Morris, of Ohio, to speak on the Slave question.

This was the course of Franklin Pierce, on the right of Petition, while a member of Congress.

The New York Herald says, a recruiting depot for Cuban filibusters, has been established in a Logier Beer Celler on Chambers street, in that city, and that a company of Irish, one of Dutch, and one of Yankees, have been enrolled, and that they intend starting in time to be in Havana in November next. One would suppose the disastrous result of the late Cuban expedition, with Lopez at its head, would deter off our citizens from engaging in another enterprise of the kind.

Court was in session this week adjourned to-day.

## Fact for Grave Consideration.

Mr. Van Vorhes, editor of the Athens Messenger was an industrious Whig member of the Ohio Legislature, last winter, and knows whereof he speaks, in the following paragraphs. We copy from his paper of Friday last;—and trust that no voter may be deterred, from examining the subject critically, by the length of the article. Certainly, the startling facts here detailed, should "give pause" even to the most reckless partisan, if only he be a tax-payer, before he deposits his ballot for the Locofoco spoilsman:—

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That the last session of the General Assembly, the so-called Democratic party had 68 members in the lower House, and 24 in the Senate—or a sufficient number at any and all times to have defeated or carried any measure coming before them although that measure might be of a nature to require a two-thirds vote. They could have accomplished this result if every Whig and Free-soiler had resigned their seats and returned to their constituents.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That it is or ought to be with and by the Standing Committees where the important measures of legislation are matured and brought forward for the action of the General Assembly; it is to them all-important measures are referred, examined and reported upon for amendment, rejection or passage. In connection with this fact also

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That the 52 Standing Committees of the two Houses, the Locofocos, in their generosity, or rather self-conceit, had the magnanimity to give the Whigs the control of but two—the Agriculture and Library Committees—and these of a nature not to admit of the transaction of that kind of legislative business upon which the parties are apt, as parties to differ in sentiment. Placing these facts together and no man of ordinary discernment can fail to discover that it was the intention of the dominant party to legislate the responsibility of last winter's legislation; and they are under the circumstances, absolutely responsible for the sins of omission and commission properly belonging to that branch of Government. They possessed the power for good or evil, and they did not fail to exercise it.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That one of the prominent reasons urged in favor of the new organic law, in view of the fact that it provides for biennial instead of annual sessions, was, that the People would have a cheaper administration of State affairs; but do not forget, that instead of one session in two years, these reformers will have played upon the People the expenses of two sessions in one year; that they have increased the legislative expenses near three fold, by the employment of a shoal of useless clerks, sergeants and hangers-on; by the indiscriminate increase of the salaries of State officers, and by the reckless lavishness of the public treasury in ways and by means too numerous to give in detail.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

People of Ohio! that the total appropriations of the session of 1850—'51 amounted to \$368,129, including the sum of \$15,000 balance of expenses incurred by the Constitutional Convention—while the total amount of appropriations last winter, on the first half of the first session under the "new Constitution in the hands of its friends," loomed up to \$739,252.01 or an increase over the aggregate appropriations of the former session, and the last under the old Constitution, of \$371,823, or more than one hundred per cent!

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That although there is an estimated increase of \$25,000,000 to grand duplicate since the last assessment; that although there is not one dollar the foreign debt due to be paid until 1857, our State taxes are decreased but one-thirtieth per cent, or one tenth of a mill from last year, and that too when it was a notorious fact that the Whigs under former assessments and with \$25,000,000 less of a bias, managed during the last six years to reduce the State debt \$27,000,000, and as a consequence lessening very materially the amount of interest to be provided for by those now in power. Why, then, no more of a reduction in State taxes! There is a reason—a cause for it, and one that the People should make themselves familiar with.—The cause may be traced, in the main, to the wasteful and lavish expenditure of the public funds, in the increase of salaries, and the useless increase of legislative expenses. And first in the category—

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That there were employed in and about the Legislature, FIFTY-TWO Clerks, Sergeants and their assistants, to wait upon and do the bidding of 132 members—costing the People of the State, for this one item, OVER TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, or OVER ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS MORE during this part of a session than it cost the State during four of the previous years of Whig rule! And this, be remembered, is \$12,024 50 more than was paid for similar work in the Massachusetts Legislature, during the last session, where they have 400 members, and were occupied nineteen days longer in point of time.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That the per diem and mileage of members of the General Assembly and Lt. Governor, the pay to clerks, sergeants, &c., during the last session, amounted to OVER EIGHTY-NINE THOUSAND DOLLARS, this being DOUBLE THE AMOUNT incurred during the extraordinary session of 1849, and MORE THAN THREE TIMES the amount incurred during each year the Whigs were in power—the average from 1843 to 1849 being not far from \$28,000.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That the Printing expenses during 1845, 1846, 1847, and 1848, while the Whigs were in power, averaged about \$13,000 per year. During 1852 it will not fall much below FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS! On account of Printing, Stationery &c., \$71,240 15 have already been appropriated—a portion of which, however, it is said goes to make up last year's deficit. These facts and figures are made up from the record, and are within the reach of every voter.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That adding together these several items, we have an aggregate of from \$130,000 to \$150,000 for the per diem of members and their mileage, the cost of printing, and the pay of clerks, sergeants and their assistants, as the expenses of a part of the first session of the General Assembly under "new order of things"—or nearly equal to the entire sum paid during the four years above named, when the State was under the control of the Whigs and a Whig Administration! Add this vast difference to the \$75,000 or the \$100,000 increase in salaries, together with other extraordinary expenses incurred by those in power, and the people of Ohio can readily see why it is that their State taxes have been decreased but one-tenth of a mill upon an anticipated increase of \$25,000,000.

000 in taxable property, with \$2,700,000 reduction of the State debt upon which to pay interest, and with not a dollar of the foreign debt to pay until 1857.

## BEAR THE FACT IN MIND.

That during the last session of General Assembly, more inaccurate and inefficient legislation occurred—a greater number of reckless and unconstitutional acts were passed, and the rights of the people trampled under foot to a greater extent than during any twenty years since the organization of the State Government. Bear these facts in mind, voters of Ohio—examine the laws and records and judge for yourselves—and show by your votes, on the second Tuesday of next October, whether you will long countenance and support the leaders of a party who are so reckless of your rights as freemen and so lavish of your funds under their control. There is much connected with the Legislative branch of your Government that is corrupt and wrong and it is within your power either to correct or continue the evil. Will you assert and exercise that power?

REVILERS OF GEN. SCOTT.—It must be a source of immense pleasure to the Statesman and kindred prints, who have followed in the lead of Sam Houston, to whine and bark, and snap at the heels of General Scott, as they are doing. Not a day is permitted to pass without these poor, miserable revilers spitting out their harmless venom on the old warrior and patriot. Many belong to that ignoble class, who learn nothing by experience. The fool-mouthed abuse of Harrison, in 1840, and of Taylor, in 1848, is followed by equally false and abusive epithets upon Gen. Scott. Their attacks, then, caused thousands and tens of thousands of patriots, all over the land, to resent this insult, which they did by voting for the tried and true public servants. So it is now. The abuse and slander of these men only disgusts and repels all right minded lovers of their country. General Scott can afford to pity and despise all such trash. He has made his mark on the history of his country, and the age, that can never be erased. His name looms up proudly and gloriously among the immortal ones that "were not born to die." Let these vile revilers pursue their slimy course. The freemen of America will vindicate his name, and reward his patriotism with the highest office in the gift of freemen. That is daily becoming more and more evident to all.—State Jour.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The law passed last winter, regulating the election of Governor, members of the Legislature, county officers, &c., provides that the poll books shall be kept open till 6 o'clock, P. M. This should be remembered by judges of elections over the State, as it applies to the election to be held on the 21st Tuesday of October.

But there is nothing in the law of last winter that changes the time of closing the polls at the election of Presidential Electors. This, by the law, is fixed at four o'clock, as was formerly the case in all elections in this State. It should have been changed so as to make the time of closing uniform, and we hope the Legislature will attend to it this winter.

Meanwhile, the judges of elections, voters, &c., will please bear in mind that, at the State election on the 12th of October, the polls are to remain open till 6 o'clock in the afternoon, but at the Presidential election, on the 21st of November, the polls close at four o'clock.—This is important, and should be duly impressed upon the minds of the people, everywhere in the State.

If there has been any law passed that has changed the time of closing the polls at the Presidential election, it has escaped our notice, and we will be much obliged to any one if he will notify us and the public.—State Jour.

CANADA FOR PIERCE, TOO.—In addition to the favorable expression from the London Times, and other English papers, in favor of Pierce's election to the Presidency, we see that the Inspector General of Canada has also declared for the Locofoco nominee. In a late speech, he dilated on the prospects of Gen. Pierce, and declared that if he be elected President, the prospect of obtaining reciprocity will be enhanced wonderfully! He said the Democratic party was most favorable to foreign interests; and on that ground he desired the success of Gen. Pierce! No doubt, if the coming election depended upon British influence, Pierce would be successful; but we are slow to believe that the American people are prepared to sacrifice their own interests to promote those of England, by the election of a Locofoco Free Trade candidate!

## Our State Ticket.

Daniel H. Haynes for Supreme Judge, and David H. Beardsley for Member of the Board of Public Works, compose our State Ticket. Mr. Haynes is a man of fine ability, and ranks among the first Lawyers in the State. He is emphatically a gentleman and a scholar. Not one word has been or can be breathed against his character as a man or a politician—nay, even the Loco paper at Dayton (where he resides) praises him. An able jurist, he will make an upright judge. We should always look for merit, and select the best candidate for such offices. The Bench should not have any strong party affiliations, or be of one political complexion. As at present constituted, the Supreme Court Bench is composed of all Locofocos. The Whigs have a right to at least one out of five. The Loco's themselves say so. Will not the Whigs of Stark do their share in electing our candidate?

David H. Beardsley, of Cleveland, is the people's candidate. From the opening of the Ohio Canal until 1850, when he resigned, he was Collector for the Port of Cleveland. No man ever discharged the duties of any office better than did Beardsley his as Collector.—Such universal admiration prevailed, that for 25 years and through all the political excitements and changes our State has undergone, no effort was made to remove him. A Whig, true and uncompromising, he was perhaps the only Whig who during that period, was permitted to retain his post. Need anything more be said in favor of the man? Known to all the Business men of the State; knowing the wants and requirements of the people and our growing State; acquainted with our Canals and Public Works, he is peculiarly well adapted for a Member of the Board of Public Works. His opponent is Sneedman of the present board—one of the scoundrels that was for tearing down Rail Road Bridges, and repelling all laws to protect Rail Roads in their property, and travelers on Rail Roads in life and limb! It cannot be, that such a man as he has shown himself, can defeat honest, faithful, capable old David H. Beardsley—he cannot—if all those who prefer an honest man to a dishonest one, go to the polls and vote. Go then, and all. Do your duty and all will be right.—O. Rep.

HOOS.—We learn from a gentleman largely engaged in the hog business, who has recently returned from Springfield, in this State, that contracts were making there for hogs at \$4.00 gross. This about equal to \$5.37 1/2 net.

## ALLIANCE.

BETWEEN THE LOCOFOCO PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES, AND ENGLAND, TO BREAK DOWN AMERICAN MANUFACTURES, AND THUS SECURE THE MARKET FOR ENGLAND!

## The Proof.

From the London Leader.

"We are without information as to the views of Gen. Pierce on the subject of co-operation with England; but we cannot say that we feel any apprehension on the point, and we shall await the final election not without sharing the confidence of many American friends that it will result well."

From the Manchester Examiner.

"The election of Gen. Pierce will at any rate prove that the Democratic majority, whatever may be their other differences, are unanimous in their testimony on behalf of a liberal commercial policy, and any government may rely for effectual co-operation in reducing, wherever practicable, existing impediments to international intercourse."

From Wiltner and Smith's Liverpool Times.

"As regards England, public sympathy, it is needless to say, is enlisted on the side of the Democratic candidate. Not that General Pierce is considered the better man, far otherwise. He is merely accepted as the nominee of that great party in the Union who desire to push the principle of free trade to its utmost limits."

## Curious Ecclesiastical Trial.

A very singular trial before the elders of a Presbyterian Church in Beaver county has just been concluded. To give a full account of it would make a long story, but we shall endeavor to give the leading points.

Two farmers, members of the same Church, surrendered portions of their lands for the construction of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. A. gave the right of way for nothing, and also grounds for a station which was needed on his farm. B. received five thousand dollars damages, and other considerations. A. went into the business of selling town lots around the station, and is gradually making money. B. having received his damages "in a pile" after some time got tired of his bargain and entered suit against the Railroad Company for having defrauded him; and succeeded in working himself into a most hearty hatred of railroads, locomotives and everything connected therewith; and when he saw that A. was pleased with the Railroad and was likely to make money out of the improvement, included him in his displeasure. The suit against the Railroad has not progressed very rapidly, and in the meantime Mr. B. thought there was a chance of punishing Mr. A. and bringing the rail road into disgrace, at a single stroke; so he accused his neighbor and fellow member, before the Church, of grossly immoral conduct. A trial was granted, and before the assembled elders Mr. B. solemnly accused Mr. A. of owning stock in a railroad that practiced and encouraged immorality; the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad having, as he alleged, broken the Sabbath by running cars and making repairs; and having injured the cause of temperance by carrying barrels of whiskey as freight!

It was admitted that the cars had run on Sunday when Saturday night's train unavoidably fell behind time; that barrels of whiskey might have been shipped on the freight train, and lastly that Mr. A. was a stockholder; then we need scarcely add, the elders most solemnly acquitted Mr. A. of the charge against him.

But Mr. B. will not permit the purity of the Church to be sullied in this manner. He intends to appeal to the Synod which will assemble in this city next month, and after that will no doubt, carry the case to the highest tribunal of all—the General Assembly.

The public will await with anxiety the final decision whether the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad is not "immoral."—Pittsburgh Courier.

MARRIED.—on the 7th inst., at the Patton House, by Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. ZACCHARIAH SWABENGER to Miss RACHAEL WEST, both of Carroll co., O.

Boots & Shoes.—We have just received one of the largest and best selected stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered for sale in this part of the country—which we offer for sale very cheap—